

Polynomials 6.20 Perfect Squares and Factoring.notebook

Perfect Squares and Factoring

- I can factor perfect square trinomials.

TEKs

10.E - Factor, if possible, trinomials with real factors in the form $ax^2 + bx + c$, including perfect square trinomials of degree two

10.F - Decide if a binomial can be written as the difference of two squares and, if possible, use the structure of a difference of two squares to rewrite the binomial.

5-Minute Check Polynomials

Factor each polynomial, if possible. If the polynomial cannot be factored, write **prime**.

- $x^2 - 121$
- $-36x^2 + 1$

Solve each equation by factoring.

- $4c^2 = 49$
- $25x^3 - 9x = 0$

5. A square with sides of length b is removed from a square with sides of length 8. Write an expression to compare the area of the remaining figure to the area of the original square.

6. **Standardized Test Practice** Which of the following is not a solution of $x^3 = \frac{1}{4}x$?

(A) $\frac{1}{16}$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ (C) 0 (D) $-\frac{1}{2}$

Title Page

Warm Up

Practice Answers

1. $\{7/9, 7/9\}$	9. $\{0, -4, 4\}$
2. $\{-1/6, 1/6\}$	10. $\{0, -5/4, 5/4\}$
3. $\{2, -2\}$	11. $\{-56, 56\}$
4. $\{10, -10\}$	12. $\{0, -4, 4\}$
5. $\{-30, 30\}$	13. $\{0, -3, 3\}$
6. $\{-7/10, 7/10\}$	14. $\{-55/3, 55/3\}$
7. $\{0, -5/3, 5/3\}$	15. $\{0, -7/4, 7/4\}$
8. $\{0, -5, 5\}$	16. 60 mi/h; yes

Maintain Your Skills

- D
- B

Practice
Factoring Difference of Squares Equations

Difference of Squares $a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$

Zero Product Property For any real numbers a and b , if $a \cdot b = 0$, then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$ or both = 0

Factor and solve each equation. Check your solutions.

- $81x^2 = 49$
- $36x^2 = 1$
- $25x^2 - 100 = 0$
- $4x^2 = 25$
- $36 - 125x^2 = 0$
- $649100 - x^2 = 0$
- $9x^3 = 25x$
- $8x^3 = 175x$
- $9x^3 - 32x = 0$
- $10. 16x^3 = 25y$
- $11. 16x^2 = 49$
- $12. 4x^3 - 64x = 0$
- $13. 3b^3 = 27b = 0$
- $14. 9/25 m^2 = 121$
- $15. 46x^3 = 147x$

Maintain Your Skills

- The function $L = 0.87s^2$ models the relationship between L , the length in feet of a pendulum, and s , the length in seconds of the pendulum. Which value is closest to the period in seconds for a pendulum that is 10 ft long?

(A) 5.4 s
(B) 4.9 s
(C) 6.9 s
(D) 6.1 s
- Airline passengers pay \$439 to fly to California. For this price, customers may check 2 pieces of luggage. There is a fee of \$25 for each additional piece of luggage a passenger wants to check. Write a function p that gives the amount in dollars a passenger has to pay to fly with p pieces of luggage, where $p \geq 2$.

(A) $c = 25p + 439$
(B) $c = 25p - 25 + 439$
(C) $c = \frac{25}{p} + 439$
(D) $c = p - 2 + 439$

Homework Answers

Practice Worksheet

Math Humor

What do Martians who use the Metric System say? ?

Take me to our liter.

Math Humor

Aaannnd, we're back.

Special Products $(x-5)^2$

Introduction

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Date

Perfect Squares and Factoring

- What is the square of a sum or difference?

$$\begin{array}{l} a^2 - 2ab + b^2 \\ \downarrow \\ (a - b)^2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \\ \downarrow \\ (a + b)^2 \end{array}$$
- $(a-b)^2$ factors to $(a-b)(a-b)$ FOILs to $a^2 - 2ab + b^2$
- $(a+b)^2$ factors to $(a+b)(a+b)$ FOILs to $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

Don't confuse with a difference of squares $(a^2 - b^2) = (a+b)(a-b)$



2. How to identify a Perfect Square Trinomial?

- must have 3 conditions:
 - first term must be a **perfect square**
 - last term must be a **perfect square**
 - middle term - two times the square root of first and last terms
- **last term must be positive**

$$\begin{array}{c} 25x^2 + 60x + 36 \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ 5x \quad "twice" \quad 6 \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ 2 \cdot 5x \quad 60x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} m^2 + 16m + 64 \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ \text{perfect square} \quad (2)(8) \quad \text{perfect square} \\ (m + 8)^2 \end{array}$$

Notes

Notes

3. How to factor a Perfect square trinomial?

- look for **GCF**
- **square root of first term**, + or - the **square root of last term**
- sign of **middle term** decides if **positive or negative**

$$\begin{array}{l} (a+b)^2 = (a+b)(a+b) \\ = a^2 + ab + ba + b^2 \\ = a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \end{array}$$

$$(a^2 - 2ab + b^2) = (a-b)(a-b)$$

$$(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) = (a+b)(a+b)$$


Find a friend and tell them what a perfect square trinomial is.

Best friends forever



Notes

Find a Friend

Watch your dad belly dance...



WOULD YOU RATHER? OR



your mom sing in front of the whole school?



Would You Rather?

Examples

- Determine if trinomial is perfect square.
 - $x^2 + 12x + 36$
 - $4n^2 - 13n + 49$

-is 1st term perfect square?
 -is last term perfect square?
 -is middle term two times square root of 1st and last terms?
 -is last term positive?

a. yes; $(x+6)^2$
 b. no

Examples

2. Factor completely

- $n^2 - 8n + 16$
- $4p^2 + 12pr + 9r^2$
- $4a^2 - 2a + 49$



Yes $(n-4)^2$
Yes $(2p+3r)^2$
No, Prime

Examples

3. Factor completely

- $18x^2 + 12x + 2$
- $12h^2 - 60h + 75$

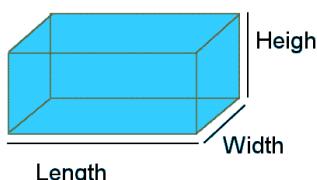


2 $(9x^2 + 6x + 1)$
2 $(3x + 1)^2$
3 $(4h^2 - 20h + 25)$
3 $(2h - 5)^2$

Examples

Application

The volume of the rectangular prism is $2x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 20$ cubic meters. Find the dimensions of the prism.



Rectangular prism



Factor by grouping:
 $(x^2)(2x+5)$ and $-4(2x+5)$
 $(x^2-4)(2x+5)$
 $(x+2)(x-2)(2x+5)$

Application

Is the Trinomial a Perfect Square?



$c^2 - 6c + 9$

$g^2 - 14g + 49$

$r^2 + 4r + 4$

$2w^2 - 4w + 9$

$4d^2 - 4d + 1$

$9n^2 + 30n + 25$

$9s^2 - 6s + 1$

$m^2 + 16m + 64$

$4y^2 - 20y + 25$

$25b^2 - 4b + 16$

$16p^2 + 24p + 9$

$49k^2 - 56k + 16$

Activity

Is the Trinomial a Perfect Square?



$g^2 - 14g + 49$

$c^2 - 6c + 9$

$r^2 + 4r + 4$

$4d^2 - 4d + 1$

$2w^2 - 4w$

\times

$m^2 + 16m + 64$

$9n^2 + 30n + 25$

$16p^2 + 24p + 9$

$9s^2 - 6s + 1$

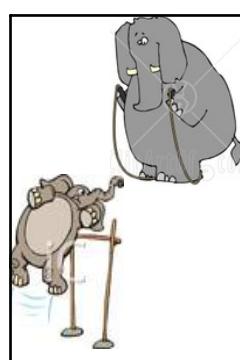
$25b^2 - 4b$

\times

6

$49k^2 - 56k + 16$

$4y^2 - 20y + 25$



Fun Fact of the Day!

The elephant is the only mammal that can't jump!

Practice

Perfect Squares and
Factoring
Worksheet

Activity Answer

Homework

Closing Questions

What does Prime mean?
(Only 2 factors, 1 and itself)

What is the difference between
difference of squares and square
of a difference? $(x^2 - 4)$ and $(x - 6)^2$



Closing Questions